1. Maurice Pinay:
The Secret Driving Force of Communism

2. Louis Bielsky:
The Soviet-Israelite Claw Strangles the Arabs

3. Itsvan Bakony:
What Is Judaism?

4. Itsvan Bakony:
Chinese Communism and Chinese Jews

5. Itsvan Bakony:
The Jewish Fifth Column in the Islam

6. Itsvan Bakony:
The Jewish Fifth Column in India

7. Afonso Castelo:
Is General Spinola the Kerensky of Portugal?

8. Itsvan Bakony:
Jews Want to Dominate the Negroes

9. Itsvan Bakony:
The Jewish Fifth Column in Japan

10. Itsvan Bakony:
Jewish Control Over Communist Movements and Governments

11. Itsvan Bakony:
Paranoid Judaism

12. Esteban Aguilera:
Watergate: The Jewish Conspiracy to Seize the U.S. Government
CHAPTER I

COMMUNISM AS DESTROYER

Of all revolutionary systems, which throughout human history have been devised for the destruction of our civilized values, communism is without doubt the most perfected, most efficient and most merciless. In fact it represents the most advanced epoch of the world revolution, in whose postulates it therefore not only acts to destroy a definite political, social, economic or moral institution, but also simultaneously to declare null and void the Holy Catholic Church as well as all cultural and Christian manifestations which represent our civilization.

All revolutionary currents of Jewish origin have attacked Christianity in its different aspects with particular one-mindedness. Communism, spawned from this same revolutionary stream of thought, seeks to banish Christianity for the purpose of causing it to vanish from the face of the earth, without even the slightest trace remaining. The destructive fury of this satanic striving, which brings before the eyes of the world the most terrible pictures of terror and destruction which are possible to imagine, can only be based on the essence of nihilism and the most evil, hate-filled rejection of everything hitherto existing. For otherwise, one would not be able to understand the indescribable insanity of its criminal acts and the spirit of destruction, of annihilation, of insult, of contradiction, and of resis-
tance by its leading personalities against everything, which represents fundamental features not only of Catholicism but of religion in general.

The purpose of communism is, as we have indeed seen in Russia and in the other lands where it has been introduced, none other than to enslave the people in the economic, political, social, human, and super-human sense, in order to make possible a minority rule through violence. From an international aspect, the goal cannot be clearer:

"To attain through violence world domination by an insignificant minority, which destroys the rest of humanity by means of materialism, terror and, if necessary, by death, completely indifferent of whether in the process the enormous majority of the population must be murdered."

The urge to murder, which has characterized the leading Soviet personages, is known well throughout the world. There are few, who upon learning of the bloody purges, which have been undertaken by the Marxists in Russia, will not be seized by shudders of horror. One needs only to recall a few details to fill the most stout hearts with fear and alarm.

"In its beginnings the Red Terror strove above all to exterminate the Russian Intelligentsia" (1). As proof of this assertion S. P. Melgunov affirms the following, in which he refers to the "Special Committees", which appeared in Russia in the first period of the social revolution:

"The special committees are not organs of law, but of merciless extermination according to the decisions of the Communist Central Committee. The special committee is neither a commission of investigation nor a court of justice, but itself determines its own powers. It is an instrument of battle, which acts on the internal front of the civil war. It does not pardon whoever stands on the other side of the barricades, but kills them."

"Usually, immediately after the massacre the corpses were removed in lorries or horsedrawn wagons from the city and buried in a mass grave. In the corner of a garden we came upon an older mass grave, which contained about 80 corpses, in which we discovered signs of the most varied and unimaginable cruelties and mutilation. There were corpses, from which the entrails had been removed; others had different limbs amputated and others again were cut into pieces. Some had the eyes poked out, while the head, the face, the neck and the torso were covered with deep wounds. Further on we found a corpse with an axe in the breast, while others had no tongues. In a corner of the mass grave we discovered many legs and arms severed from the trunk." (4).

The enormous number of corpses, which have already been laid to the account of Communist Socialism and which increase terrifyingly all the while, will perhaps never be exactly known, but it exceeds everything imaginable. It is not possible to learn the exact number of the victims. All estimates lie below the real figure.

In the Edinburgh newspaper “The Scotsman” of November 7, 1923, Professor Sarolea gave the following figures:

"28 bishops; 1,219 priests; 6,000 professors and teachers; 9,000 doctors; 54,000 officers; 260,000 soldiers; 70,000 policemen; 12,950 estate owners; 355,250 intellectuals and of the free professions; 193,290 workers and 215,000 peasants."

The Information Committee of Denikin on the Bolshevik intrigue during the years 1918-1919 records in a treatise about the Red Terror in these two years "one million, seven hundred thousand victims." (5). In the “Roul” of August 3, 1923, Kommin makes the following observation:

"During the winter of 1920 there existed in the USSR, 52 governments with 52 Special Committees (Chekas), 52 Special Departments and 52 revolutionary courts. Besides countless subsidiary Chekas, transport-networks, courts on the railways as well as troops for internal security there were mobile courts, which were dispatched to mass executions in the places concerned."

To this list of courts of torture must be added the special departments, that is to say, 16 army and divisional courts. All in all one must estimate 1,000 torture chambers. If it is borne in mind that at that time district committees also existed in addition, then the number rises further. In addition the number of governments of the USSR increased. Siberia, the Crimea and the Far East were conquered. The number of Chekas grew in geometrical ratio.

According to Soviet data (in the year 1920 when the terror had still not ebbed and the reporting of news was not restricted) it is possible to establish an average figure for every court; the curve of executions rises from one to fifty (in the great cities) and up to one hundred in the regions recently conquered by the Red Army. The crisis of terror was periodical and then ceased; in this manner one can daily estimate the (modest) figure of five victims..., which multiplied with the thousand courts, gives a result of five thousand, and then for the year roughly one and a half million. We recall this indescribable slaughter, not because in its totality it was either the most numerous or the most merciless stemming from a special situation with inflaming of passions which resulted from the Bolshevik revolution being victorious for the first time, but because after expiration of forty-five years after these mass executions, these could be obliterated from the present communist picture, even for the persons who were contemporaries of the events, and who today still living have forgotten those tragedies with the ease with which people forget unpleasant events which do not directly concern them, but even those to which they fell victim.

Unhappily, time has shown us a truly demonic excess of communism in its murderous activity, about which we give no details and do not present the monstrous statistics because all this is known to us. Several of these cruel bloodbaths have only taken place recently, so that one still seems to hear the

(4) S. P. Melgunov. Ibid. P. 161.
(5) Leon de Poncins. Ibid. P. 165.
lament of the persecuted, the death-rattle of the dying and the
dumb, terrible and haunting complaint of the corpses. (6).

It may suffice to recall the recent giant bloodbaths in
Hungary, Poland, East Germany and Cuba as well as the ear­
erlier mass killings by Stalin and the annihilation of millions of
Chinese through the communist regime of Mao Tse-tung. But
also the communist attempts at revolution, which could not
achieve lasting permanence, such as that of Bela Kun who
occupied Hungary in such a brutal way in the middle of 1919;
of Spain in 1936, where the Bolsheviks gained control of Ma­
drid and parts of the Spanish provinces and murdered more
than 16,000 priests, monks and nuns as well as 12 bishops;
further the happily unsuccessful attempt in Germany its most
successful realization in the Red Republic of Bavaria in the year
1919. All these attempts were in fact orgies of 1918, which
was directed by Hugo Haase, and which had blood and un­
restrained bestiality.

One must also not forget that this Apocalyptic storm,
which brings a flood of corpses, blood and tears, falls upon
the world with the sole goal: of destroying not only the Catholic
Church but the entire Christian civilization. (7). Before this shat­
tering picture the world asks itself with heavy heart; who con
hate our Christian features in such a form and try to destroy
them with such Godless fury? Who has become capable of
instigating this bloody mechanics of annihilation? Who can
with such insensitivity direct and order this monstrous criminal
process? And reality answers us completely without doubt, that
the Jews are those responsible, as will later be proved.

(6) A complete statistical account of the victims of communism has been
published in the small volume "Rivelazione d'interesse mondiale." Vemijon, Rome 1957, whose author for his part has taken informa­
tion from the newspaper "Russkaja Mysl" of Nov. 30, 1947, published in France.


CHAPTER II

THE CREATORS OF THE SYSTEM

There is absolutely no doubt, that the Jews are the inven­
tors of communism; for they have been the instigators of the
doctrines, upon which that monstrous system is built, which at
present with absolute power rules the greatest part of Europe
and Asia, which stirs up the lands of America and with pro­
gressive certainty floods over all Christian peoples of the world
like a deadly cancerous growth, like a tumour, which steadily
devours the core of the free nations, apparently without an
effective means of cure being found against this disease.

But the Jews are also the inventors and directors of the
communist methods, of effective tactics of struggle, of the in­
sensitive and totally inhuman government policy and of ag­
gressive international strategy. It is a completely proven fact,
that the communist theoreticians were all Jews, unheed of
what system the Jews lastingly use, as well as the theoreticians
and the experienced revolutionaries, which has veiled from the
eyes of the people, where they lived, their true origin.
1. Karl Heinrich Marx: was a German Jew, whose real name was Kissel Mordekay, born in Trier, Rhineland, son of a Jewish lawyer. Before his famous work “Das Kapital”, which contains the fundamental idea of theoretical communism, he strove with inexhaustible activity up to his death in the year 1887 to spread over the world, he had written and published with the Jew Engels in the year 1848 the Communist Manifesto in London; between 1843 and 1847 he had formulated in England the first modern interpretation of Hebrew Nationalism in his articles, as in the publication in the year 1844 of the periodical "Deutsch-Französische Jahrbücher" (German-French Year Books) under the title "Concerning the Jewish question", and which shows an ultra-national tendency.

2. Friedrich Engels, creator of the "First International," and close collaborator of Marx, was a Jew born in Bremen (Germany). Engels died in the year 1894.

3. Karl Kautski, whose real name was Kaus, was the author of the book "The Beginnings of Christianity," in which he mainly combats the principles of Christianity. He was the most important interpreter of Karl Marx and in 1887 published "The Economic Doctrine of Karl Marx Made Intelligible for All." "The Bloodbath of Chisinaw and the Jewish Question," in the year 1903, "The Class Struggle," which for Mao Tse-tung in China was the fundamental book for communist instruction; and the work with the title "The Vanguard of Socialism," in the year 1921. He was also the author of the "Socialist Programme" from Erfurt/Germany. This Jew was born in the year 1854 in Prague and died in 1938 in the Hague (Holland).

4. Ferdinand Lasalle, Jew, born in the year 1825 in Breslau. He had interfered in the democratic revolution of 1848. In the year 1863 he published his work entitled "Open Answers," in which he outlined a plan of revolution for the German workers. Since then he worked tirelessly for a "Socialist" crusade, which was directed at the rebellion of the workers. For this purpose he published a further work under the title "Capital and Labour."

5. Eduard Bernstein. A Jew born in Berlin in the year 1850. His principal works are "Assumptions concerning Socialism," "Forward, Socialism," "Documents of Socialism," "History and Theory of Socialism," "Social Democracy of Today in Theory and Practice," "The Duties of Social Democracy," and "German Revolution." In all his writings he expounds the communist teaching and bases it on the views of Marx. In the year 1918 he became Finance Minister of the German Socialist State, which, however, could fortunately only maintain itself for a few months.

6. Jacob Lastrow, Max Hirsch, Edgar Loening, Wirschauer, Babe, Schatz, David Ricardo and many other writers of theoretical communism were Jews. In all lands are found writers, almost exclusively Jewish, who preach communism to the masses, although with many opportunities they strive to give the appearance in their writings of a feeling of humanity and brotherhood. We have indeed already seen in practice what this means. (8).

However theoretical all Jews mentioned may have been, they were not satisfied with setting up the doctrinaire bases, but each one of them was an experienced revolutionary, who busied himself in whatever particular land he found himself, to factually prepare the upheaval, to direct or to give it support. As leaders or members of revolutionary associations known only to one another, they took more and more active parts in the development of Bolshevism. But apart from these Jews, who in the main were regarded as theoreticians, we find that almost all materialist leaders, who develop communist tactics, also belong to the same race and carry out their task with the greatest efficacy.

As indisputable examples two movements of this type can be recorded:

A) In the year 1918 Germany was the showplace of a communist, Jew directed revolution. The Red Councils of the republic of Munich were Jewish, as its instigators prove: Liebknecht, Rosa Luxemburg, Kurt Eisner and many others. With the (8) Data taken from Traian Romanescu: Ibid, pages 19-23.
fall of the monarchy the Jews gained control of the country and the German Government. With Ministers of State Haase and Landsberg appear Kautski, Kohn and Herzfeld. The Finance Minister was likewise a Jew, had his racial fellow Bernstein as assistant and the minister of the Interior, likewise a Jew, sought the collaboration of his racial brother, Doctor Freund, who helped him in his work.

Kurt Eisner, the President of the Bavarian Councils Republic, was the instigator of the Bolshevik revolution in Munich.

"Eleven little men made the revolution," said Kurt Eisner in the intoxication of triumph to his colleague, the Minister Auer. It is no more than right to preserve the unforgettable memory of these little men, who were, in fact, the Jews Marx Lowenberg, Doctor Kurt Rosenfeld, Gaspar Wollheim, Max Rothschild, Carl Arnold, Kranold, Rosenhek, Birnbaum, Reis and Kaissler. These ten with Kurt Eisner van Israelowitsch led the presidency of the Revolutionary court of Germany. All eleven were Freemasons and belonged to the secret lodge N.° 11 which had its seat in Munich at No. 51 Briennerstrasse. (9).

The first cabinet of Germany in the year 1918 was composed of Jews.

1. Preuss, Minister of the Interior.
2. Freund, Minister of the Interior.
3. Landsberg, Finance Minister.
5. Schiffer, Finance Minister.
6. Eduard Bernstein, secretary of the State Treasury.
7. Fritz Max Cohen, director of the official information service. (This Jew was earlier correspondent of the Jewish "Frankfurter Zeitung").


The second German Socialist government of 1918 was formed of the following Jews:

2. Rosenfeld, Justice Minister.
3. Futran, Minister of Education.
4. Arndt, Minister of Education.
5. Simon, State Secretary of Finances.
6. Kastenberg, Director of the Department of Science and Art.
7. Strathgen, Director of Development.
8. Meyer-Gerhart; Director of the Department of the Colonies.
9. Wurm, Secretary of Food.
10. Merz, Weil, Katzenstein, Stern, Lowenberg, Frankel, Schlesinger, Israelowitz, Selingsohn, Laubenheim, etc., took up high posts in the ministries.

Among the remaining Jews who controlled the sectors vital to the life of the German state, which had been defeated through the American intervention in the war, were found in the year 1918, and later:

1. Kohen, President of the German workers and soldiers councils (similar to the Soviet council of soldiers and workers of Moscow in the same year).
2. Ernst, police president of Berlin.
3. Sinzheimer, police president of Frankfurt.
4. Lewy, police president of Hessen.
8. Talheimer, Minister in Württemberg.
9. Heimann, another Minister in Württemberg.
10. Fulda, in the government of Hesse.
11. Theodor Wolf, Chief Editor of the newspaper "Berliner Tageblatt."
12. Gwiner, Director of the "Deutsche Bank." (10).

Bl. Hungary in the year 1919. On March 20, 1919, the Jew Bejo Kun (Cohn) took power in Hungary and proclaimed the Hungarian Soviet republic, which from that moment on was submerged in a hair-raising sea of blood. Twenty-eight Commisars formed with him the new government and of these 18 were Israelites. That is an unheard of proportion, when one bears in mind that in Hungary lived one and a half million Israelites compared to 22 million inhabitants. These 18 Commisars held the actual control of rulership in their hands and the eight Gentile Commisars could do nothing against them. (11).

More than 90% of the members of the government and the confidence men of Bela Kun were also Jews. Here follows a list of members of the Bela Kun government:

1. Bela Kun, general secretary of the Jewish government.
2. Sandor Garbai, “official” president of the government, who was used by the Jews as a Hungarian man of straw.
3. Peter Agoston, deputy of the general secretary; Jew.
4. Dr. E. Landler, peoples commissar for internal affairs, Jew.
5. Bela Vago, deputy of Landler, a Jew with the name Weiss.
8. Csizmadia, deputy of Hamburger; Hungarian.
11. Szkely, deputy of Varga; Jew by name Schlesinger.
12. Kunftz, Education Minister; Jew by name Kunstater.
13. Kukacs, deputy of Kunfi; a Jew, who in reality was called Lowinger and was the son of the Director-General of a Banking House in Budapest.
14. D. Bokanyi, Minister of Labour; Hungarian.
15. Fiedler, deputy of Bokanyi; Jew.


16. Jozsef Pogany, War Commissar; a Jew, who in reality was called Schwartz.
17. Szanto, deputy of Pogany; a Jew named Schreiber.
18. Tibor Szamuelly, deputy of Pogany; a Jew named Samuel.
19. Matyas Rakosi, Trade Minister; a Jew, who in reality was called Matthew Roth Rosenkrantz, present communist dictator.
20. Ronai, Commissar of Law; a Jew named Rosentsgegl.
22. Erdelyi, Commissar of Supply; a Jew named Eisentein.
24. Hevesi, deputy of Boehm; a Jew named Honig.
25. Dovsak, second deputy of Boehm; Jew.
27. Otto Korvin, Political Examining Commissar; a Jew named Klein.
29. Biro, Chief of the Political Police; a Jew named Blau.
31. Oszkar Faber, Commissar for Liquidation of Church Property; Jew.
32. J. Czerni, Commander of the Terrorist Bands, which were known by the name “Lenin youth”; Hungarian.
33. Illes, Supreme Police Commissar; Jew.
34. Szabados, Supreme Police Commissar; a Jew named Singer.
35. Kalmar, Supreme Police Commissar; German Jew.
36. Szabo, Supreme Police Commissar; Ruthenian Jew, who in reality was called Schwarz.
37. Vince, Peoples Commissar of the city of Budapest, who in reality was called Weinstein.
38. M. Kraus, Peoples Commissar of Budapest; Jew.
40. Lengyel, President of the Austro-Hungarian Bank; a Jew named Levkovits.
41. Laszlo, President of the Communist Revolutionary Court; a Jew, who in reality was called Lowy. (12).

(12) Traian Romanescu. Ibid, pages 203-205.
In this government which for a time held Hungary in thrall, the chief of the Hungarian Cheka Szamuelly, besides Bela Kun, distinguished himself through countless crimes and plunderings. While the latter rode through the land in his luxury automobile, for a symbol had a large gallows mounted on the vehicle, accompanied by his capable Jewish woman secretary R. S. Salkind, alias Semliachkay, the former travelled through Hungary in his special train and sowed terror and death, as a contemporary witness describes:

"That train of death travelled snorting through the black Hungarian nights; where it stopped, one saw people hanging from trees and blood which ran on the ground. Along the railway line naked and mutilated corpses were to be seen. Szamuelly dictated his judgements in his train and whoever was forced to enter never lived to tell the tale of what he saw. Szamuelly lived constantly in this train. Thirty selected terrorists ensured his security. Selected executors also accompanied him. The train consisted of two saloon wagons, two first-class wagons, which were occupied by the terrorists, and two third class wagons for the victims. In the latter executions were carried out. The floor of this wagon was stiff with blood. The corpses were thrown out of the windows, while Szamuelly sat comfortably in the elegant workroom of his compartment which was upholstered in rose-coloured damask and decorated with polished mirrors. With a movement of the hand he decided over life or death." (13).

CHAPTER III

THE

FINANCIERS OF COMMUNISM

International Jewry strives in its entirety towards Communist socialism in accordance with the doctrine of Marx, which has at present been realized by it in the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and all its satellites. The direct goal of Communism is the striving for world domination and complete power over all peoples of the earth. This standpoint it has always manifested and from the beginning onwards has striven for this goal. This Communist aim is understood with absolute unanimity, by all Jews as their own goal, although many non-Jewish persons, who are lacking in knowledge and who are intentionally deceived, think that the great number of Jewish multi-millionaires which there are in the world and who even control world finance, must necessarily oppose this current, which attempts to snatch their wealth away from them.

At first sight there is nothing more self-evident than to see in a rich financier, a well-to-do trader or an important industrialist, the natural and keenest enemy of Communism. But if the industrialists, traders or financiers are Jews, there is not
the slightest doubt that they are also Communists; for the Communist Socialism of Marx has been created and carried out by them, and in fact not in order to lose their goods and chattels which they possess, but to steal everything which does not belong to them to hoard together in their own hands the entire wealth of the world, which according to their assertion is unlawfully withheld from them by all who do not belong to the Jewish race.

The well-known Jewish writer Werner Sombart says:

"The fundamental characteristic feature of the Jewish religion consists in the fact that it is a religion which has nothing to do with the other world, but, as one might say, is solely materialistic. Man can experience good or evil only in this world; if God wishes to punish or reward, then he can do this only in the lifetime of man. Therefore the just man (righteous) must attain well-being here on earth and the Godless suffer." (14).

"It is useless to dwell upon the difference, which derives from this contrast of two outlooks, relating to the attitude of the devout Jew and of the devout Christian, with regard to the acquisition of wealth. The devout Christian who has got into debt with the usurer, was tortured on his deathbed by pangs of regret (repentance) and was ready to abandon everything which he possessed; for the knowledge of the unjustly acquired goods consumed him. On the other hand the devout Jew, when the end of his life approached, regarded with contentment the trunks and cases filled to the bursting point, in which the profits were accumulated, which during his long life he had taken off the wretched Christians and also the poor Moslems. It was a spectacle on which his devout heart could feast, for every roll of money which lay locked up there, he saw as a sacrifice brought to his God." (15).

When it was established how Salluste in his book "Les origines secretes du bolchevisme" alludes to the fact that Rothschild exercised pressure on one side in Versailles with Thiers, the President of the republic, in order to prevent a decisive fight against the Marxist Communists, by his talking of a possible understanding and agreements with the central committee of the Federals (Marxists), and on the other side enjoying total protection of his person and also of his property in the city of Paris, which was thrown into horrible and bloody chaos.

In this respect Salluste tells us in his afore-mentioned work, page 137:

"It is certain that M. Rothschild had good reasons to hold a conciliation possible: his villa in the Rue Saint-Florentin was protected day and night by a guard troop of the Federals (Marxists), who had the task of preventing any plundering. This protective troop was maintained for two months up to the moment, when the great barricade, which was only a few paces away, was taken by the Versailles troops."

"When the hostages were shot, the most beautiful palaces of Paris went up in flames and thousands of Frenchmen died as victims of the civil war, it is worth mentioning that the protection granted by the communists to the great Jewish banker did not cease for a moment."

In the year 1916 the Lieutanant-General of the Imperial Russian Army, A. Nechvolodof, described secret information which had been received from one of his agents, which on February 15 of the same year reached the supreme command of the Russian General Staff and read as follows:

"The first secret assembly, which reveals the beginning of the acts of violence, took place on Monday, February 14, in the East Side of New York. Of the 62 representatives gathered, 50 were veterans of the revolution of 1905, and the others new members. The greater part of those present were Jews and among them many educated people, as for example, doctors, writers, etc. . . . Some professional revolutionaries were also found amongst them. . . ."
"The first hours of this assembly were almost exclusively devoted to testing the methods and the possibilities of carrying out a great revolution in Russia. It was one of the most favourable moments for this."

"It was stated that the party had just received information from Russia, according to which the situation was completely and absolutely favourable; for all previously agreed conditions for a favourable rising were present. The one serious hindrance was the question of money; but scarcely was this remark made, when several members at once answered that this circumstance should cause no reflection for at the moment when it was necessary, substantial sums would be given by persons who sympathized with the movement for freedom. In this connection the name of Jakob Schiff was repeatedly mentioned." (17).

At the beginning of the year 1919, the secret service of the United States of America provided high officials of the French republic who visited America with a memorandum, in which the participation of the most principal bankers in the preparation of the Russian Communist revolution was categorically revealed:

"7-618-6 Provided by the General Staff
0 of the 20th Army.
N. 912-S.R.2. copy.

In February 1916 it became known for the first time that a revolution was being promoted in Russia. It was discovered that the following named persons and firms were involved in this work of destruction:

1. Jakob Schiff; Jew.
2. Kuhn, Loeb & Co.; Jewish firm.
4. Max Breitung; Jew.

At the beginning of the year 1917, Jakob Schiff began to protect the Jews and Freemason Trotsky, whose real name is Bronstein; the mission given to him consisted of the directing of the social revolution in Russia. The New York paper 'Forward,' a Jewish Bolshevik daily paper, likewise protected him for the same purpose. Also he was aided financially by the Jewish firm of Max Warburg, Stockholm, the Rheinisch-Westfalische Syndicate, as well as the Jew Olef Aschberg, of the Nye-Banks, Stockholm, as well as the Jew Jivotovsky, whose daughter Trotsky married. In this manner relations were established between the Jewish multi-millionaires and the proletarian Jews.

"The Jewish firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., has links with the Rheinisch-Westphalian Syndicate, a Jewish firm in Germany; just as it has links with Lazard-Freres, a Jewish house in Paris and also with the Jewish firm of Gunzbourg of Paris, and the same Jewish firm of Gunzbourg of Petrograd, Tokyo and Paris; if we observe in addition that all affairs are likewise handled with the Jewish firms of Speyer & Co., London, New York and Frankfurt/M., exactly as with the firms of Nye-Banks, who are the agents for Jewish-Bolshevik business affairs in Stockholm, then we can draw the inference from this that the banking firm has relations with all Bolshevik movements; one can see that in praxis it represents the true expression of a general Jewish movement, and that certain Jewish banking houses are interested in the organization of these movements." (18).


In the pamphlet of S. de Baamonde we again find something new about the banking house of Kuhn Loeb & Co., Jakob Schiff was an Israelite of German origin. His father, who lived in Frankfurt, was in that city a modest local agent of the firm of Rothschild. The son emigrated to the United States. There he rapidly made a career which soon made him chief of the large firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the most important Israelite bank of America.

"In the Jewish banking world Jakob Schiff not only distinguished himself through his knowledge of business and the daredevilry of his inventive power, but he also occasioned very resolute plans and intentions, even if neither new nor original, concerning the leading political activity, which each banking system should exert over the fates of the world: "The spiritual direction of human affairs."

Another of the constant concerns of this plutocrat was mixing at all cost in the political affairs of Russia, in order to bring about a change of regime in that land. The political conquest of Russia, which up to then had evaded the influence of Freemasonry, thanks to its regime of reason, should be the best circle of effect to secure the power of Israel on the entire universe. (19).

"In the spring of 1917, Jakob Schiff began to instruct Trotsky (Jew), how he should carry out the social revolution in Russia. The Jewish Bolshevik newspaper of New York, 'Forward' also concerned itself with the same theme":

"From Stockholm as centre, the Jew Max Warburg authorized Trotsky & Co., as did Rheinisch-Westphalian Syndicate an important Jewish company, as well as Olf Aschberg of the Nye Bank of Stockholm and Yivovosky, a Jew, whose daughter married Trotsky." (20).


"At the same time a Jew, Paul Warburg, found to have such a close connection with the Bolshevists that he was not selected again to the 'Federal Reserve Board.' " (21).

The "Times" of London of February 9, 1918 and the "New York Times" alluded in two articles by Samuel Gompers, which were published in the issues of May 10, 1922 and December 31, 1923, to the following:

"If we bear in mind that the Jewish firm of Kuhn-Loeb & Co., is connected with the Rheinisch-Westphalian Syndicate, a Jewish firm in Germany, with Lazard Freres, a Jewish firm of Paris and also with the banking house of Gunzbourg, a Jewish firm in Petrograd, Tokyo and Paris, and if we in addition point out that the afore-mentioned Jewish trading firms maintain close relations to the Jewish firm of Speyer & Co. in London, New York and Frankfurt/Main, as likewise with Nye Banks, a Jewish-Bolshevik firm in Stockholm, then we can establish that the Bolshevist movement in itself is to a certain degree the expression of a universal Jewish movement, and that certain Jewish banking houses are interested in the organization of this movement." (22).

General Nechvolodof alludes in his work "L'Empereur Nicholas II et Les Juifs" (1924), to the strong Jewish financing of the Communist revolution in Russia:

"During the years which preceded the revolution, Jakob Schiff had supplied the Russian revolutionaries with twelve million dollars. On their side the triumphant Bolshevists, according to M. Bakmetieff, the ambassador of the Russian Imperial government in the United States, who died some time ago in Paris, transferred six hundred million gold roubles between 1918 and 1922 to the firm of Kuhn-Loeb & Co."
According to these convincing proofs I do not believe that it occurs to anyone to arrive at the optimistic conclusion, that there exist wicked Jews (the Communist) and good Jews (the Capitalists); further, that, while the ones strive to cut off the wealth of private persons and to cause private property to vanish, the others strive for the defense of both things, so as not to lose their enormous riches. To the misfortune of our civilization the Jewish conspiracy shows features of unconditional unity. Judaism forms a monolithic power, which is directed at forcing together all riches of the world without exception, by means of Communist Socialism according to Marx.

At the present time one sees in our civilized world the admission of racial discrimination as the greatest sin, into which man could fall. It is alleged to be a fault, which leaves behind an eternal and ugly wound of barbarity and animal nature, always presupposing that the Jewish people do not in practice commit this fault. Thanks to Jewish propaganda which is controlled almost exclusively in the world by the Israelites (cinema, radio, press, television, publishing, etc.) anti-Semitism is the most disgraceful of all racial manifestations, for the Jews have made out of anti-Semitism a truly destructive weapon, which serves to nullify the efforts of countless persons and organizations, who have clearly recognized who the real head of Communism is, in spite of its camouflage and cunning, which this race uses to conceal its true activity. Particularly such persons and organizations that have tried to sound the alarm, since they were filled with horror at the fatal end, which draws nearer and nearer.

While the Christian lands are anti-racialist, because they build up their ideas on the concept of loving ones neighbour, the Jews were and are at present the most fanatical representatives of racial discrimination, which they base on ideas from the Talmud, because they proceed from the principle that the non-Jew is not even a human being.

However, this Christian opposition to racial discrimination is very skillfully utilized by the Jews; and in the shadow of the same they weld their devilish intrigues against the Catholic Church and all Christian order, by their forming the Communist system, where there is neither God nor church nor supersensuous norms of any kind. As soon as they are attacked, they protest with crying lamentation and show themselves as victims of inhuman racial discrimination, only for the purpose of crippling that work of defense which opposes their destructive attacks.

In spite of this, one can regard the real defense against Communism, which must be forcefully directed against the Jews (against the head), in no manner as a sinful manifestation of a feeling of revulsion towards a definite race; for the characteristic of racial discrimination is completely alien to our culture and our Christian principles; however, one cannot avoid a problem of such weight and range out of fear of being described as “Antisemite,” which doubtless occurs with those who do not understand the present situation of the world.

Thus it is not a question of combating a race out of considerations of racial order. If one at present brings the problem under close inspection, the Jews alone must bear the responsibility of leaving us no other choice because of their racial discrimination in life and death, with their absolute disregard of all who are not of their race and with their greed for world domination.

For Catholics in particular, and for the civilized world in general, who still firmly believe in their established principles and other-worldly values, the confirmation cannot...
for it is a problem of self-defense, which is accepted completely in the moral and just order, if the pure dilemma, which Judaism shows us, is the following: "Either Jewish-Communist domination or extermination."

CHAPTER IV

JEWS TESTIMONY

In spite of their accustomed seclusion, and even in spite of their deceptive and clandestine manoeuvres, by which they have been successful in remaining concealed, so as not to reveal their Communist plan for world conquest, the Jews have had several weak moments, to which they have been induced either through optimism or excessive jubilation in the studying of their successes and which upon different occasions have called forth impetuous but highly factual declarations. Kadmi-Cohen, a highly regarded Jewish writer, affirms that:

"As far as the Jews are concerned, their role in world socialism is so important that one cannot pass quietly over it. Does it not suffice to recall the names of the great Jewish revolutionaries of the 19th and 20th centuries, such as Karl Marx, Lasalle, Kurt Eisner, Bela Kun, Trotsky and Leon Blum, so that in this manner it is clear who are the theoreticians of modern Socialism?" (23).

(23)— Kadmi-Cohen. Nomades. (Essai Sur L'Ame Juive) 1929. P.
"What a brilliant confirmation do the strivings of the Jews find in Communism, apart from the material cooperation in party organizations, in the deep revulsion which a great Jew and great poet, Heinrich Heine, felt against Roman law! And the personal and passionate motives for the anger of Rabbi Aquila and Bar Kocheba of the years 70 and 132 after Jesus Christ, against the Roman peace and the Roman law which was understood personally and passionately and felt by a Jew of the 19th century, who had apparently preserved no bond with his own race."

"The Jewish revolutionaries and Jewish Communists, who dispute the basic principle of private property whose firmly established foundation is the civil law book of Justinian, of Ulpian, etc.; only imitate their forefathers who opposed Vespasian and Titus. In reality it is the dead, who speak. " (24).

The blasphemous Jewish writer Alfred Nossig tells us:

"Socialism and the Mosaic law in no way oppose one another, but there exists on the contrary a surprising similarity between the basic ideas of both teachings. Jewish nationalism may not remove itself as a danger, which threatens the ideal, further from Socialism than the Jew from the Mosaic Law; for both parallel-running ideals must arrive in the same way at execution." (25).

"From the examination of the facts of the case it is revealed in a completely irrefutable manner that the modern Jews have cooperated in a decisive way and manner in the creation of Socialism; their own fathers were already the founders of the Mosaic Law. The seed of the Mosaic Law took effect over the centuries upon doctrine and command, in conscious manner for the one and unconsciously for the other. The modern Socialist movements are for the great majority a work of the Jews; the Jews gave it the stamp of their understanding; it was also Jews who had a striking share in leadership of the first Socialist republics. In spite of this, the enormous majority of Jewish Socialist leaders were divorced from the Mosaic Law; for in unconscious manner there took effect within them the racial principle of the Mosaic Law, and the race of the old apostolic peoples lived in their brain and in their social character. Present world socialism forms the first State in fulfilment of the Mosaic Law, the beginning of realization of the future World State, which was announced by the prophets." (26).

In his book "Integral Jewry" he confirms this idea of Socialism as Jewish teaching, when he writes the following:

"If the peoples really wish to make progress they must lay aside the Medieval fear of the Jews and the retrogressive prejudices which they have against the latter. They must recognize what they really are, namely the most upright forerunners of human development. At the present day the salvation of Jewry demands that we openly recognize the programme facing the world; and the salvation of mankind in the coming centuries depends upon the victory of this programme." (27).

The reason for this Jewish revolutionary conduct is clearly explained by the well known Jewish writer E. Eberlin in the following excerpt:

"The more radical the revolution is, all the more freedom and equality for the Jews comes about as a result. Every current of progress strengthens further the position of the Jews. In the same manner every setback and every reaction attacks it in first place. Often, only a simple orientation towards the Right, will expose the Jews to boycot. From this aspect the Jew is the pressure-valve of the social (steam) boiler. As a body the Jewish people

(26).— Alfred Nossig: Integrales Judentum. Pages 74 & 79.
cannot stand on the side of reaction; for reaction is the return to the past and means for the Jews the continuation of their abnormal conditions of existence.” (28).

The ill-reputed Jew Jakob von Haas, says to us in “The Macabean” quite clearly that “the Russian revolution, which we experienced is a revolution of Jewry. It signifies a change in the history of the Jewish people. If we speak openly, it was a Jewish revolution; for the Jews were the most energetic revolutionaries in Russia."

In the Jewish-French newspaper entitled "Le Peuple Juif" of February 1919 one can read the following: "The Russian Revolution, which we see at present, will be the exclusive work of our hands."

One finds the following passage in a book by the famous Jewish writer Samuel Schwarz with a foreword by Ricardo Jorge: “When we ascend from the heights of pure science to the place of battle, which the passions and the interests of men clash against each other, there rises before us the oracle of the new social-political religion, the Jew Karl Marx, the dogmatic leader of war for life and death. He finds in the head and in the arm of Lenin the realization of his confession of belief and sees in him the forefighter for the Soviet State, which threatens to overthrow the firm foundations of the traditional institutions of society.” (29).

In the same way another Jew, Hans Cohen, confirms in the "Political Idea," that "the Socialism of Marx is the purpose of our striving and efforts."

In number 12 of the newspaper "The Communist" which was published in Kharkov on the 12th of April, 1919, the Jew M. Cohen writes:


(29).— Ricardo Jorge: "Os Crístãos Novos en Portugal no século XX". Foreword of Samuel Schwarz. Page X. Lisbon 1925.

"Without exaggeration one can make the assurance that the great social revolution in Russia was carried out by the Jews. It is true that in the ranks of the Red Army, there are soldiers who are not Jews. But in the committees and in the Soviet organizations, just as with the Commis­sars, the Jews lead the masses of the Russian proletariat to victory with courage."

"At the head of the Russian revolutionaries marched the pupils of the Rabbinic school of Lidia." Jewry triumphed over fire and sword, with our brother Marx, who had the mandate for the fulfilment of all that our prophets have commanded, and who worked out the suitable plan for the demands of the proletariat.” All these sentences appeared in the Jewish newspaper "Haijut" of Warsaw of August 3, 1928."

"The Jewish World," of January 10, 1929, expressed this blaspheming view: "Bolshevism, the very fact of its existence, and that so many Jews are Bolsheviks, further—that the ideal of Bolshevism is in harmony with the most sublime ideal of Jewry, which in part formed the foundation for the best teachings of the founder of Christianity, all this has a deep significance, which the thought­ful Jew carefully examines."

In order not to range too widely at this point, we quote in conclusion the allusions which the Israelite Paul Sokolowsky makes in his work, entitled "The Mission of Europe," where he boasts of the predominant role which the Jews played in the Russian revolution and reveals details concerning the secret codes which they used to reach understanding with each other, even by means of the press, without the attention of the authorities being drawn to themselves, and how they distributed Communist propaganda which they prepared, through the Jewish children, whom they carefully schooled for these services in their settlements. (30).

This hellish, Jewish-Communist hate, which is chiefly revealed against Christian civilization, is not unfounded, but it has its very deep causes, which can be judged with full clarity in this following excerpt from the "Sepher-Ha-Zohar", the holy book of modern Jewry, which represents the feelings of all Jews:

"Jeshu (Jesus), the Nazarene, who has brought the world away from belief in Jehovah, who be praised, will each Friday be again restored. At day break of Saturday he will be thrown into boiling oil. Hell will pass but his punishment and his tortures will never end. Jesus and Mohammed are those unclean bones of offal of which the Scripture says: "Ye shall cast before the dogs. They are the dirt of the dog, the unclean, and because they have misled men, they are cast into Hell, from which they never again come out." (31).

CHAPTER V

THE HEAD OF COMMUNISM

There exists therefore not the slightest doubt, that the Marxist theory (communism) is Jewish work, just as is also its every action, which aims at putting this doctrine into practice.

Before the final establishing of Bolshevism in Russia the directors and organizers of all communist movements in their entirety were almost solely Jews, just as the great majority of the true organizers of the revolutions were to which they gave the impetus. But in Russia as the first land, where Bolshevism finally triumphed, and where it was and still is the fulcrum or driving force for the communizing of the world, the Jewish paternity of the system of organization and of Soviet praxis also allows no doubt or error. According to the irrefutable data, which has been fully and completely proved and recognized by all impartial writers, who have dealt with this theme, the communist work of the Jews in the land of the Czars is so powerful, that it would be useless, to deny this disastrous triumph as their monopoly.

It suffices to recall the names of those who have formed the governments and the principal leading organs in the Soviet Union, in order to know what one has immediately to think of the clear and categorical proof of the evidence.

I.— MEMBERS OF THE FIRST COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT OF MOSCOW (1918) (Council of Peoples Commissars)

1. Ilich Ulin (Vladimir Ilich Ulianov or Nikolaus Lenin), President of the Supreme Soviet; Jew on mother's side. His mother was called Blank, a Jewess of German origin.
3. Iosiph David Vissarionovich Djugashvili-Kochba (Joseph Vissarionovich Stalin), Nationalities Commissar; descendant of Jews from Georgia.
4. Chicherin; Commissar for Foreign Affairs; Russian.
5. Apfelbaum (Grigore Zinoviev), Commissar for Internal Affairs; Jew.
7. Samuel Kaufmann, Commissar for the Land Property of the State; Jew.
8. Steinberg, Law Commissar; Jew.
10. Ethel Knigklsen (Liliana), Commissar for Supply, Jewess.
11. Schlichter (Vostanoleinin) Commissar for Billettings (Confiscation of Private Houses for the Reds); Jew.
12. Lurie (Larin), President of the Supreme Economic Council; Jew.
15. Urisky (Radomilsky), Commissar for "Elections"; Jew.
16. Lunacharsky, Commissar for Public Schools; Russian.
17. Protzian, Agriculture Commissar; Armenian.

II.— COMMISSARIAT OF THE INTERIOR (1918) (High officials of this Commissariat)

1. Ederer, President of the Soviet of Petrograd; Jew.
3. Goldenrudin, Director for Propaganda of the Commissariat for Foreign Affairs; Jew.
5. Rudrik, Vice-President of the Commissariat for Health, Jew.
6. Abraham Krohmal, First Secretary of the Commissariat for the Accommodation of Refugees; Jew, alias Saguersky.
7. Martsensen, Director of the Press Bureau of the Commissariat for Internal Affairs; Jew.
9. Schneider, Political Commissar of Petrograd; Jew.
10. Minnor, Political Commissar of Moscow; American Jew.

III.— COMMISSARIAT FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS (Higher Officials)

1. Margolin, Director of the Passports Office; Jew.
2. Fritz, Director of the Commissariat for Foreign Affairs; Jew.
3. Lafet (Joffe), Soviet Ambassador in Berlin; Jew.
4. Lewin, First Secretary of the Soviet Embassy in Berlin; Jew.
5. Askerloth, Director of the Press and Information Offices of the Soviet Embassy in Berlin; Jew.
7. Benitler (Beintler), Soviet Ambassador in Oslo; Jew.
8. Martius, Soviet Ambassador in Washington; German (?).
9. Lew Rosenfeld (Kamenev), Soviet Ambassador in Vienna; Jew.
10. Vaslaw Vorosky, former Soviet Ambassador in Rome up to the year 1922, who was murdered by the former Czarist officer M. A. Kontrady on May 10th 1925 in Lausanne; Jew.
11. Peter Lazarovich Voicoff, Soviet Ambassador in Warsaw up to June 7th 1927, when he was murdered by a young Russian; Jew.

12. Malkin, Soviet Consul in Glasgow (Scotland) in the year 1919; Jew.

13. Kain Rako (Rokevsky), President of the Peace Committee of Kiev; Jew.

14. Manuilsky, first adjutant of Rako and at present leading communist ruler in the Ukraine; Jew.

15. Astzumb-Illsen, first legal advisor of the Soviet Commissariat for Foreign Affairs (1918); Jew.


IV.— HIGHER OFFICIALS IN THE SOVIET ECONOMIC COMMISSARIAT (1918)

1. Merzvin (Merzwinsky), first Trade Commissar; Jew.

2. Solvein, Secretary of Merzvin; Jew.

3. Haskyn, General Secretary of the Soviet Trade Commissariat; Jew.

4. Bertha Hinewitz, assistant of Haskyn; Jewess.

5. Isidor Gurko (Gurkowsky), second Trade Commissar; Jew.

6. Jaks (Gladneff), Secretary of Gurko; Jew.

7. Latz (Latsis), President of the Trade Council; Jew from Latvia.

8. Weisman, Secretary of the Trade Council; Jew.

9. Satkinov, Government Counselor of the Peoples Bank of Moscow; Russian.

10. Jaks (brother of the other), Government Counselor of the Peoples Bank; Jew.

11. Axelro (Orthodox) government counsellor of the Peoples Bank; Jew.

12. Michelson, Government Counselor of the Peoples Bank; American Jew.

13. Furstemberg (Ganetsky), Commissar for the Government of "Soviet-German" Trade Affairs. In reality he was the contact man of the Jewish revolutionaries of Russia, and the Jewish banking group of Kuhn-Loeb & Co., New York; Warburg, Stockholm; Speyer & Co., London; Lazar Freres, Paris, etc., which supported the communist revolution of Russia by way of the Rheinisch-Westfalische Syndicate for the Bank-system in Germany with money contributions.

14. Kogon (one of the Kaganovich brothers), first secretary of Furstemberg; Jew.

V.— HIGHER OFFICIALS OF THE COMMISSARIAT OF LAW (1918-19)

1. Joseph Steinberg, brother of Steinberg, who is the titular Commissar; Jew. He occupies the post of first "Peoples" Commissar.

2. Jakob Berman, President of the Revolutionary Court of Moscow; Jew; probably the same Jakob Berman, who is the present director for the Communist Party in Poland.

3. Lutzk (Lutzky), Court Commissar of the "Peoples" Military Forces; Jew.


5. Goinbark, Director of the Department for Formulation of Laws; Jew.

6. Scherwin, first Secretary of the "Peoples Commune" of Moscow; Jew.

7. Glausman, President of the Control Commission at the Commissariat of Law; Jew.

8. Schraeder (Schrader), Chief Commissar of the Supreme Court of Moscow; Jew.

VI.— HIGHER OFFICIALS OF THE COMMISSARIAT FOR PUBLIC EDUCATION

1. Groininim, Commissar for the Lands in the South of Russia; Jew.

2. Lurie (brother of the President of the Supreme Soviet of Trade), director of the Department for Elementary Schools of the Commissariat for Public Education; Jew.

3. Liuba Rosenfeld, Directress of the Theatrical Section of the Ministry for Public Education; Jewess.
4. Rebeca Jatz, secretary of the above-named; Jewess.
5. Sternberg, Director of the Department for Sculpture of the Commissariat for Public Education; Jew.
7. Grünberg, Commissar of Instruction for the Northern Lands; Jew.

VII.— OFFICIALS IN THE ARMY COMMISSARIAT
1. Schorodak, personal advisor of Trotsky; Jew.
2. Slanks, personal advisor of Trotsky; Jew.
3. Petz, personal advisor of Trotsky; Jew.
4. Gerschfeld, personal advisor of Trotsky; Jew.
5. Fruntze, supreme commander of the communist southern armies; Jew.
6. Fichmann, chief of general staff of the communist armies of the North; Jew.
7. Potzern, President of the Soviets (Government Council) of the Western front; Jew.
8. Schutzman (Schusmanovich), military advisor for the district of Moscow; Jew.
9. Gübelman, Political Commissar for the military district of Moscow; American Jew.
11. Dietz, political advisor of the military district of Vitebsk; Jew.
12. Glusman, military advisor of the communist brigade of Samara; Jew.
13. Beckman, Political Commissar of the district of Samara; Jew.
14. Kalman, military advisor of the communist military forces of Slusk; Jew.

VIII.— HIGHER OFFICIALS IN THE COMMISSARIAT FOR HEALTH
1. Dauge, Vice-Commissar of the Commissariat for Health; Jew.
2. Wempertz, President of the Committee for the Fight Against Venereal Diseases; Jew.
3. Rappoport, Director of the Pharmaceutical Department of the Commissariat; Jew (later political Commissar of Petrograd).
4. Fuchs, Secretary of Rappoport; Jew.
5. Bloschon, President of the Committee for the Struggle Against Infectious Diseases; Jew.

IX.— MEMBERS OF THE SUPREME SOVET
(SUPREME COUNCIL) FOR PEOPLES TRADE
(Moscow 1919)
1. Rosenfeld (Kamenev), President of the Trade Soviet for Moscow; Jew.
2. Krasikov, Vice-President of the Trade Soviet of Moscow; Jew.
3. Abraham Schotman, Director of the Trade Soviet of Moscow; Jew.
4. Heikino, secretary of Schotmans; Jewess.
5. Eismondt, President of the Trade Soviet of Petersburg; Jew.
6. Landeman, Vice-President of the Trade Soviet of Petersburg; Jew.
7. Kreinitz, Director of the Trade Soviet of Petersburg; Jew.
10. Schilmon, secretary of Hertz; Jew.
11. Travid, President of the Commissariat for the Harvesting of the Sunflower Seed Oil; Jew.
12. Rotemberg, President of the Commissariat for Coalmining, which is subject to the Supreme Trade Soviet; Jew.
13. Klammer, President of the Commissariat for the Fishing Industry; Jew.
X.— MEMBERS OF THE FIRST SOLDIERS
AND WORKERS COUNCIL OF MOSCOW

1. Mode, Council President; Jew.
2. Smidowitz, President of the Workers Commission; Jew.
3. Leibu Kuwitz, President of the Soldiers Commission; Jew.

COUNCIL MEMBERS


XI.— MEMBERS OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE
OF THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY (1918-1923)


XII.— MEMBERS OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE
OF THE FOURTH CONGRESS OF THE
SOVIET WORKERS AND PEASANTS

1. Jankel Sverdin (Sverdolov), Committee President, Jew.

COUNCIL MEMBERS


XIII.— MEMBERS OF THE FIFTH CONGRESS OF THE
SOVIET SYNDICATE

1. Radek, President, Jew.

MEMBERS

XIV.— THE POLICE CHIEFS. C.E.K.A. (CHEKA) (1919)

1. Derzhin (Derzinsky), Supreme Chief of the C.E.K.A. (CHEKA); Jew.
3. Limbert, director of the ill-famed Tagansky prison in Moscow, where a great part of the Czarist aristocracy and many former ministers, generals, diplomats, artists, writers, etc., of the old regime were murdered. Limbert is likewise a Jew.
4. Vogel, Executive Commissar of the CHEKA; Jew.
5. Deipkyn, Executive Commissar of the CHEKA; Jew.
7. Razmirovich, Executive Commissar of the CHEKA; Jew.
8. Jankel Swerdlin (Sverdlov), Executive Commissar of the CHEKA; Jew.
11. Finesh, Executive Commissar of the CHEKA; Jew.
12. Delavanoff, Executive Commissar of the CHEKA; Jew.
15. Scholovsky, Executive Commissar of the CHEKA; Jew.
16. Reintenberg, Executive Commissar of the CHEKA; Jew.
18. Zakis, Executive Commissar of the CHEKA; Lithuanian.
20. Skeltizan, Executive Commissar of the CHEKA; Armenian.
21. Blum (Blumkin), Executive Commissar of the CHEKA; Jew.
22. Grunberg, Executive Commissar of the CHEKA; Jew.
23. Latz, Executive Commissar of the CHEKA; Jew.
24. Heikina, Executive Commissar of the CHEKA; Jew.
25. Ripfkin, Executive Commissar of the CHEKA; Jew.
27. Alexandrovich, Executive Commissar of the CHEKA; Russian.
29. Woinstein (Zwesdin), Executive Commissar of the CHEKA; Jew.
30. Lendovitch, Executive Commissar of the CHEKA; Jew.

XV.— PEOPLES COMMISSARS OF PETROGRAD

1. Rodomin, Jew.
2. Djorka (Zorka), Jew.

XVI.— EXECUTIVE COMMISSARS OF THE CHEKA OF PETROGRAD (1919-1924)

1. Isilevich, Jew.
2. Anwelt, Jew.
5. Giller, Jew.
7. Sispper (Disperoff), Jew.
11. Mehrbey, American Jew.

XVII.— MEMBERS OF THE SUPREME COMMISSARIAT FOR LABOUR IN MOSCOW

1. Benjamin Schmidt, Peoples Commissar; Jew.
2. Zencovich, Secretary of Schmidt; Jew.
3. Raskyn, General Secretary of the Labour Commissariat; Jew.
4. Zarach, Director of the Supply Department for Workers; Jew.
5. Woltman, second Commissar of Public Workers; Jew.
7. Goldbarh, President of the Commission for Public Works; Jew.

XVIII.— COMMUNIST COMMISSARS AND OFFICIALS IN THE PROVINCES

1. Isaac Latsk, Supreme Commissar of the Don Republic; Jew.
2. Reichenstein, Peoples Commissar of the Don Republic; Jew.
3. Schmulker, secretary of the above; Jew.
4. Levinson, President of the Don Soviet; Jew.
5. Haytis, Commissar for Siberia; Jew.
6. Dretling, President of the Soviet of Kiev; Jew.
7. Ziumperger, assistant of the above; Jew.
8. Zickheim, President of the Soviet of Jaroslaw; Jew.
9. Sheikman, President of the Soviet of Kazan; Jew.
10. Willing, President of the Soviet of Orenburg (present day Chicakow); Jew.
11. Berlin (Berlinsky), President of the Soviet of Sizmn; Jew.
12. Limbersohn, President of the Soviet of Penza; Jew.
13. Somur, Trade Minister of Transcaucasia; Jew.
14. Schultz (Slusky), President of the Soviet of Tavrida; Jew.
15. Herman, President of the Soviet of Tsarinsk; Jew.
16. Rotganzen, President of the Soviet of Bielatzkerkowsi; Jew.
17. Lemberg, secretary of Rotganzen; Jew.
18. Daumann, President of the Soviet of Narwsky; Jew.

XIX.— EDITORS OF THE COMMUNIST NEWSPAPERS
"PRAVDA", "EKONOMICHENSKANYA ZIZIN"
AND "IZVESTIA"


XX.— EDITORS OF THE COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER
"TORGVOPROMISLEVNOY GAZZETY"


XXI.— EDITORS OF THE COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER
"DIE FAHNE DER ARBEIT—BANNER OF LABOUR"
(1920)


XXII.— EDITORS OF THE COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER
"VIOLA TRUVAS"


XXIII.— MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION FOR THE ARREST OF SYMPATHIZERS WITH THE CZARIST REGIME

1. Muraviiov, President; Russian.
MEMBERS
XXIV. — MEMBERS OF THE CENTRAL OFFICE
OF THE HIGHER TRADE SOVIET

XXV. — MEMBERS OF THE CENTRAL BUREAU
OF STATE CONSUMER BODIES

XXVI. — MEMBERS OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE
OF ARTISANS SYNDICATE

XXVII. — REPRESENTATIVES OF THE
RED ARMY ABROAD
1. Sobelsohn (Radek), Soviet Military Representative in Berlin; Jew.
2. Neinsenbaum, Military Representative in Bucharest; Jew.
4. Abraham Baum, Military Representative in Copenhagen; Jew.
7. Abraham Klotzman, adjutant of the former; Jew.

XXVIII. — MEMBERS OF THE HIGHER
JUDICIARY CORPS

XXIX. — PROFESSORS OF THE “SOCIALIST”
ACADEMY OF MOSCOW

XXX. — MEMBERS OF THE SUPREME SOVIET
OF THE DON COMMITTEE

XXXI. — MEMBERS OF THE AID COMMITTEE
FOR THE COMMUNISTS
1. Ethel Knigkisen, Peoples Commissar, Jewess.
2. Goldman, secretary of the above; Jew.
3. Rosa Kaufman, assistant to the above; Jewess.
4. Pautzner, Director of the Aid Committee; Jew.
5. K. Rosenthal, Chief of the Central Office of the Aid Committee; Jew.

XXXII.— SOVIET TRADE REPRESENTATIVES ABROAD.

1. Abraham Shekman, Trade Representative in Stockholm with the Banks Warburg and Nye Bankon; Jew.
2. Landau, Trade Representative in Berlin; Jew.
3. Worowski, Trade Representative in Copenhagen; Jew.

XXXIII.— PEOPLES JUDGES IN MOSCOW


XXXIV.— PERMANENT COMMISSARS AT DISPOSAL OF THE SUPREME SOVIET OF MOSCOW


XXXV.— MILITARY ADVISORS OF THE COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT OF MOSCOW

2. Watsertish, Commander of the Western Front Against Czechoslovakia; Jew.
4. Schulman, second Advisor of the Moscow Government (Council of the Peoples Commissars) for the East Front; Jew.
5. Schmidowitz, Commander of the Communist Military Forces in the Crimea; Jew.
7. Schnesur, third Commander of the same Army; Lithuanian.
11. Samuel Gleitzer, Commissar and Commander of the Soviet Trooping School for the Frontiers (Frontier Guards); Jew.
12. Kolman, Commander of the Military Commune of Moscow; Jew.
13. Katzmer (Lazinov), adjutant of the above; Jew.
17. Dzenitz, Political Commissar for the 15th Communist Brigade; Jew.
18. Bitziss, Commander of the Military District of Moscow; Jew.

XXXVI.— MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSARIAT FOR THE LIQUIDATION OF PRIVATE BANKS

2. Moisekovak, assistant of the above; Jew.
4. Jacob Giftling, Technical Advisor of the Commissariat; Jew.
6. Sarrach Elliasevich, assistant of the above; Jewess.
8. Plat, Jewish Advisor; Latvian.
10. Lemerich, Advisor of the Commissariat; Jew.

XXXVII.— MEMBERS OF THE LINGUAL SCIENCE
DEPARTMENT OF THE PROLETARIAT


How many leading posts of the new Jewish-Soviet State have been occupied by gentiles and how many by the descendants of Abraham, is shown by the following statistics:

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<th>Gentiles</th>
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50
Of a total of 502 offices of first rank in the organization and direction of the Communist revolution in Russia and in the direction of the Soviet State during the first years of its existence, no less than 459 posts are occupied by Jews, while only 43 of these offices have been occupied by gentiles of different origin. Who then has accordingly carried out this terrible revolution? The gentiles perhaps? (32). Another statistic, which was published in Paris by the counter-revolutionary newspaper "Le Russe Nationaliste", after the victory of the Jewish Communists in Russia, reveals that of 554 communist leaders of first rank the racial composition was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gentiles</th>
<th>Jews</th>
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<td>1 5</td>
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<tr>
<td>25. Members of the Central Bureau of the Higher Trade Soviet.</td>
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<tr>
<td>26. Members of the Central Committee of Artisans Syndicates.</td>
<td>1 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27. Representatives of the Red Army abroad</td>
<td>0 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28. Members of Higher Juristic Corps.</td>
<td>1 9</td>
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<tr>
<td>29. Professors of the Socialist Academy of Moscow.</td>
<td>2 34</td>
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<tr>
<td>30. Members of the Higher Soviet of the Don Commissariat.</td>
<td>2 9</td>
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<tr>
<td>31. Members of the Aid Commission for the Communists.</td>
<td>0 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32. Soviet Trade representatives abroad.</td>
<td>0 3</td>
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<tr>
<td>33. Peoples Judges of Moscow.</td>
<td>1 6</td>
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<tr>
<td>34. Permanent Commissars at disposal of the Supreme Soviet.</td>
<td>0 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35. Military Advisors of the Government of Moscow.</td>
<td>2 19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36. Members of the Commissariat for the liquidation of private banks.</td>
<td>0 10</td>
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<tr>
<td>37. Members of the Lingual Science Department of the Proletariat.</td>
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</table>

During the Second World War and from then on up to our present time the Jewish clique which rules the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, continues to be very numerous, for at the head of the names stands Stalin himself, who for a long time was regarded as a Georgian of pure descent. But it has been revealed, that he belongs to the Jewish race; for Djougachvili, which is his surname, means "Son of Djo," and Djo is a small island in Persia, where many banished Portuguese "marranos" migrated, who later settled in Georgia.

Today it is almost completely proved, that Stalin had Jewish blood, although he neither confirmed not denied the rumors, about which mutterings began in this direction. (33).

Let us look at a list of the Soviet officials in the government of Stalin:

1. Zdanov (Yadanov), who in reality was called Liphshitz, former commander in the defense of Leningrad during the 2nd World War. Member of the Politburo up to 1948 and one of the instigators of the decision which excluded Tito from the Cominform in the year 1948 and who shortly afterwards died.

2. Lavrenty Beria, Chief of the M.V.D. Police and of Soviet heavy industry, member of the Soviet Atom industry, who was executed upon orders of Malenkov, and in fact for the same reason for which Stalin liquidated Yagoda.


3. Lazar Kaganovich, director of Soviet heavy industry, member of the Politburo from 1944 to 1952, then member of the Presidium and at present President of the Supreme Presidium of the USSR.

4. Malenkov (Georgi Maximilianovich Molenki), member of the Politburo and Orgburo until 1952, then member of the Supreme Presidium, President of the Ministerial Council after the death of Stalin; Minister in the government of Bulganin since 1955. He is a Jew from Ornsenburg, not a Cossack, as is asserted. The name of his father, Maximilian Malenk, is typical for a Russian Jew. In addition there is a very important detail, which reveals the true origin of Malenkov and also of Khruschev. The present wife of Malenkov is the Jewess Pearl-mutter, known as "Comrade Schans chuschne" who was Minister (Commissar) for the fish industry in the Soviet government in the year 1938. If Malenkov had not been a Jew, it is extremely unlikely that he would have married a Jewess, and the latter would also not have married him. There exists no official description of the life of Malenkov. This is certainly to be attributed to the fact that he does not want his Jewish origin to be discovered.

5. Nikolaus Solomon Khrushchev, present chief (1963) of the Soviet Communist Party, member of the Politburo since 1939, i.e. since the year, when Malenkov was chosen member of the Orgburo. He is the brother of Madame Malenkov, i.e. of the Jewess Pearl-mutter. Khrushchev is a Jew and his real name is Pearl-mutter. Also, the present wife of Khrushchev, Nina, as well as the wives of Mikoyan, Voroshilov, Molotov, etc., are Jewesses.

6. Marshal Nikolaus Bulganin, at present first Soviet minister, former bank official, was one of the ten Jewish members of the Commissariat for the liquidation of private banks in the year 1919.

7. Anastasio Josifovich Mikoyan, member of the Politburo since 1935, member of the Supreme Presidium since 1952, Trade Minister and Vice-President in the Malenkov government. He is an Armenian Jew and not a true Armenian as is believed.

The latter, supported by a Jewish group which belongs to the diplomatic corps in Cairo, directs the Israelite conspiracy inside the Arab world under Soviet diplomatic protection, without the Egyptian government noticing this. This government should not forget, that David Ben Gurion, first minister of Israel, as well as Golda Meyerson, Israel's Minister in Moscow, are Russian Jews like David Solod. (35).

At present according to confirmed data 80% to 90% of the key positions in all ministries in Moscow and the remaining Soviet republics are occupied by Jews.

"I do not believe that there can be any doubt of the origin of all those who occupy the highest posts in Moscow since the first moment of the revolution; for the Russians it is a lamentable fact that after all this course of time things are much worse, for the number of Jews who live in Russia, has increased in frightening degree. All important leading positions are in their hands. . ." (36).

As in Russia the countries of Europe where Bolshevism has gained control, are also completely ruled by a Jewish minority; the latter always appears in the direction of the Communist government with iron, criminal and merciless hand, so as to attain the utter enslaving of the native citizens through an insignificant group of Jews.

More convincing than any other proof is an exact surveying of the most principal leaders of the Bolshevik governments of Europe, which are always found in the lands of the Israelites. We will quote the most principal ones:

A.— HUNGARY

1. The most important Communist leader since the occupation of this land by Soviet troops is Mathias Rakosi, an Israelite, whose real name is Mathew Roth Rosenkranz, who was born in the year 1892 in Szabadka.


3. Erno Gero, Minister of the Interior until 1954.
4. Szebeni, Minister of the Interior before the Jew Gero.
5. General Laszlo Kiros, Jew, Minister of Interior since July 1954, simultaneously chief of the A.V.O. that is to say the Hungarian police, which corresponds to the Soviet M.V.D.
6. General Peter Gabor, chief of the Communist political police of Hungary up to 1953, a Jew, who in reality was called Benjamin Ausspitz and was earlier a tailor in Satorai-Jeujhely, Hungary.
7. Varga, State Secretary for Economic Planning; a Jew, who in reality is called Weichselbaum; former Minister of the Bela Kun government. He was also President of the Supreme Economic Council.
8. Beregi, Minister for Foreign Affairs.
10. Zoltan Vas, President of the Supreme Economic Council; a Jew, who in reality was called Weinberger.
11. Josef Reval, dictator of the Hungarian press and director of the red newspaper "Szabad Nep" (The Free People); a Jew, who is really called Moses Kahana.
12. Revai (another), Minister for National Education; a Jew named Rabinovits.
13. Josef Gero, Transport Minister; a Jew named Singer.
15. Veres, Minister of State.
16. Vajda, Minister of State.
17. Szanto, Commissar for purging of enemies of the State, in the year 1951 sent by Moscow; a Jew named Schreiber; former member of the Bela Kun government.
18. Guyla Dessi, Justice Minister up to 1955; today chief of the Secret Police.
19. Emil Weil, Hungarian ambassador in Washington; he is the Jewish doctor who tortured Cardinal Mindszenty.

Among other important Jewish officials to be mentioned are:
1. Imre Szirmay, director of the Hungarian radio company.
2. Gyula Garay, judge of the Communist “Peoples Court of Budapest.”
3. Colonel Caspo, subchief of the secret police.
4. Professor Laszlo Benedek, Jewish dictator for educational questions.

The sole important Communist of Gentile origin was the Freemason Laszlo Rajk, former Minister for Foreign Affairs, who was sentenced and executed by his Jewish “brothers” for his “betrayal.”

B.— CZECHOSLOVAKIA

1. Clemens Gottwald, one of the founders of the Communist Party in Czechoslovakia and president of the country between 1948 and 1953; a Jew, who died shortly after Stalin.
5. Firi Hendrich, present general secretary of the Communist Party; Jew.


C.— POLAND

1. — Boleslaw Bierut, President of Poland up to 1954; Jew.

2. Jakob Berman, general secretary of the Communist Party of Poland; Jew.

3. Julius Kazuky (Katz), Minister for Foreign Affairs of Poland, who is well known for his violent speeches in the UNO; Jew.

4. Karl Swierezewsky, former vice-minister for National Defense, who was murdered by the Anti-Communist Ukrainian country population in south Poland (the mass of the people is not always amorphous); Jew.

5. Josef Cyrankiewicz, first Minister of Poland since 1954, after Bierut; Jew.

6. Hillary Mink, Vice-prime Minister of Poland since 1954; Jew.

7. Zenon Nowek, Second Prime Minister of Poland since 1954; Jew.

8. Zenon Kliszko, Minister of Justice; Jew.

9. Tadaus Kochcanowiecz, Minister of Labour; Jew.

The sole important Polish Communist of Gentile origin is Wladislaw Gomulka who was removed from political leadership since 1949, when he lost his post as first minister. Sooner or later he will share the same fate as Rajk in Hungary.

D.— RUMANIA

1. Anna Pauker, Jewess, former Minister for Foreign Affairs of the "Rumanian Peoples Republic," and spy No. 1 of the Kremlin in Rumania up to the month of June 1952. Since then she has remained in the shadows in Bucharest up to the present day, naturally in freedom. This Jewish hyaena, who was originally called Ana Rabinsohn, is the daughter of a rabbi, who came to Rumania from Poland. She was born in the province of Moldau (Rumania) in the year 1892.

2. Ilka Wassermann, former private secretary of Anna Pauker, at present the real directress of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs.

3. Josef Kisinevsky, the present agent No. 1 of the Kremlin in Rumania, member of the central Committee of the Communist Party and vice-president of the council of ministers. He is a Jew and comes from Bessarabia; his correct name is Jakob Broitman. Also he is the real chief of the Communist Party of Rumania, although "officially" the general secretary of the party is the Rumanian locksmith Gheorghe Gheorghiu Dez, who, however, only plays the simple role of a political front. Kisinevski took his present pseudonym from the name of the city of Kisinau in Bessarabia, where before the arrival of the Red Army he owned a tailors workshop.

4. Teohari Georgescu, Minister for Internal Affairs in the Communist government of Bucharest between 1945 and 1952; at the present time he has been reduced to a second-rank post, although he was "officially" "expelled" from the Communist Party. He finds himself in the same position as Anna Pauker. His real name is Burach Tescovich. He is a Jew from the Rumanian Danube harbour of Galatz.

5. Avram Bunaciu, likewise a Jew, is the present (1955) general secretary of the Presidium of the great national assembly of the "Rumanian Peoples Republic", that is to say, the real leader of this assembly, for the "official" president Petru Groza is only an old Freemasonic marionette, who is married to a Jewess and plays only a purely static role. Avram Bunaciu is called in reality Abraham Gutman (Gutman translated into Rumanian is the corresponding name for "Bunaciu" that is to say the pseudonym taken on by this Jew.)
6. Lotar Radaceanu, another Minister of the Communist
government of Bucharest "deposed" in the year 1952, but
who in 1955 reappeared on the honorary tribune. He is a Jew
from Siebenbürgen and is called Lothar Wurtzel. Since the
"Würtzel" in Rumanian translates "Radicinu," this Jew has
simply transferred his Hebraic name into Rumanian and is now
called "Radaceanu."

7. Miron Constantinescu, member of the central Com-
mitee of the Communist Party and Minister for Mining and
Petroleum. Now and then he changes his Ministerial Posts. He
is a Jew from Galatzi (Rumania), who in truth is called Mehr
Kohn, and as is customary among them, uses a Rumanian
pseudonym.

8. Lieutenant General Moises Haupt, commander of the
military district of Bucharest; Jew.

9. Colonel General Zamfir, Communist "security chief" in
Rumania and responsible for thousands of murders, which the
secret police have perpetrated. He is a Jew and comes from the
Danube harbour of Braila. He is called Laurian Rechler.

10. Heim Gutman, chief of the civil secret service of the
Rumanian Peoples Republic; Jew.

11. Major-General William Suder, chief of the informa-
tion service and of counter-espionage of the Rumanian Com-
munist Army. He is a Jew, by name Wilman Süder and former
officer of the Soviet Army.

12. Colonel Roman, former director of the E.K.P. service
(education, culture and propaganda) of the Rumanian Com-
munist Army up to 1949 and at the present time Minister in the Communist
government. His Jewish name is Walter.

13. Alexander Moghioros, Minister for Nationalities in
the red government; Jew from Hungary.

14. Alexander Badau, chief of the Control Commission
for Foreigners in Rumania. He is a Jew, who originates from
the city of Targoviste whose real name is Braustein. Before
1940 his family in Targoviste possessed a large trading firm.

15. Major Lewin, chief of press censorship, Jew and
former officer of the Red Army.

16. Colonel Holban, chief of the Communist "Security" of
Bucharest, a Jew named Moscovich, former Syndicate (Union)
chief.

17. George Silviu, general governmental secretary of the
Ministry for Internal Affairs; a Jew named Gersch Golinger.

18. Erwin Voiculescu, chief of the Passport department in
the Ministry for Foreign Affairs. He is a Jew and is called Erwin
Weinberg.

19. Gheorge Apostol, chief of the General Labour Union
of Rumania; he is a Jew named Gerschwin.

20. Stupineanu, chief of economic espionage; Jew by
name Stappnau.

21. Emmerick Stoffel, Ambassador of the Rumanian Peo-
oples Republic in Switzerland; a Jew from Hungary and special-
ist in bank questions.

22. Harry Fainaru, former legation of the Rumanian Com-
munist Embassy in Washington up to 1954 and at present offi-
cial in the Ministry for Foreign Affairs in Bucharest. He is a
Jew named Hersch Feiner. Before the year 1940 his family
possessed a grain business in Galatzi.

23. Ida Szigally, the real directress of the Rumanian Em-
bassy in London; Jewess; friend of Anna Pauker.

24. Lazarescu, the "Charge d'Affairs" of the Rumanian
government in Paris. He is a Jew and is really called Burach
Lazarovich, the son of a Jewish trader from Bucharest.

25. Simon Oieru, State under-secretary of the Rumanian
State; Jew with name of Schaffer.

26. Aurel Baranga, inspector general of arts. He is a Jew;
Ariel Leibovich is his real name.

27. Liuba Kisinevski, president of the U.F.A.R. (Associa-
tion of anti-Fascist Rumanian women); she is a Jewess from
Cernauti/Bukowina, and is called in reality Liuba Broitman, wife of Josif Kisinevski of the Central Committee of the Party.


29. Doctor Zeider, jurist of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs; Jew.

30. Marcel Breslasu, Director General of Arts; a Jew by name Mark Breslau.

31. Silviu Brucan, chief editor of the newspaper "Scanteia," official party organ. He is a chief and is called Brükker. He directs the entire campaign of lies, which attempts to deceive the Rumanian people concerning the true situation created by Communism. At the same time the Jew Brükker directs the fake "Anti-Semitic" campaign of the Communist press of Rumania.

32. Samoila, governing director of the newspaper "Scanteia"; he is a Jew; Samuel Rubinstein.

33. Horia Liman, second editor of the communist newspaper "Scanteia"; Jew with the name of Lehman.

34. Engineer Schnapp, governing director of the communist newspaper "Romania Libera" (Free Rumania), the second communist newspaper on basis of its circulation; likewise a Jew.

35. Jehan Mihai, chief of the Rumanian film industry, communist propaganda by means of films; a Jew, whose name is Jakob Michael.

36. Alexander Graur, director general of the Rumanian radio corporation, which stands completely and solely in the service of the Communist Party. He is a Jewish professor and is called Alter Brauer, born in Bucharest.

37. Mihail Roller, at present President of the Rumanian academy, is a sinister professor, a Jew, unknown before the arrival of the Soviets in Rumania. Today he is "President" of the Academy and in addition he has written a "new history" of the Rumanian people, in which he falsifies the historical truth.

38. Professor Weigel, one of the tyrants of the university of Bucharest, who directs the constant "purging actions" among Rumanian students, who are hostile to the Jewish-Communist regime.

39. Professor Lewin Bercovich, another tyrant of the Bucharest university, who with his spies controls the activity of Rumanian professors and their social connections; an immigrant Jew from Russia.

40. Silviu Josifescu, the official "literary critic," who censures the poems of the best poets like Eminescu Aleksandri, Vlahutza, Carlova, etc., who all died centuries ago or more than half a century ago, and alters form and content, because these poems are "not in harmony" with the Communist-Marxist ideas. This literary murderer is a Jew, who in truth is called Samoson losifovich.

41. Joan Vinter, the second Marxist "literary critic" of the regime and author of a book with the title "The problem of literary legacy" is likewise a Jew and is called Jakob Winter.

The three former secretaries of the General Labour League up to 1950, Alexander Sencovich, Mischa Levin and Sam Asriel (Serban), were all Jews.

E.— YUGOSLAVIA

1. Marshal Tito, who by his real Jewish name is called Josif Walter Weiss, was born Poland. He was agent of the Soviet secret service in Kabul, Teheran and Ankara up to 1935. The true Brozovich Tito, in origin a Croat, died during the Spanish civil war in Barcelona.

2. Moses Pijade, general secretary of the Communist Party and in reality the "grey eminence" of the regime, is a Jew of Spanish origin (Sephardite).

3. Kardelj, member of the Central Committee of the Yugoslav Communist Party and Minister for Foreign Affairs; is a Jew of Hungarian origin and is called in reality Kardayl.

4. Rankovic, member of the Central Committee of the Yugoslav Communist Party and Minister for Internal Affairs, is an Austrian Jew and was earlier called Rankau.
5. Alexander Bebler, member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party and permanent representative of Yugoslavia in the UNO, is an Austrian Jew.

6. Izoa Vilfan (Joseph Wilfan), economic advisor of Tito, in reality the economic dictator of Yugoslavia, is a Jew from Sarajevo.

Since not so many Jews live in Yugoslavia as in other lands, we find a greater number of natives in the Communist government of this land, however, always in posts of second rank; for the above-mentioned principal leaders, control in reality the Yugoslav government completely and absolutely. (37)*.


* Countless Catholic writers have similarly to those quoted in this chapter, made further statistical investigations, which always close with the categorical statement that Bolshevism is a Jewish work. The book "La Guerra Oculta" by Malinsky and De Poncins, Milan, 1961, contains an appendix with a study carried out in this respect, compiled by Msgr. Jouin. A further study worthy of mention is published in the periodical "Civilita Cattolica", the organ of the famous Society of Jesus, in the city of Rome, which began with its publication of this material from the end of the preceding century, and which has published a special work dealing with this theme under the title "La rivoluzione mondiale e gli ebrei," which corresponds to pamphlet 1836 of the year 1922.